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## Southern Connecticut mensa Chronicle

*Southern Connecticut Mensa has an e-mail server list on Topica where members can discuss topics with other Mensans on the list. To subscribe, just send a blank e-mail to:*

MensaSCT- subscribe@topica.com

### SCHEDULE OF CHAPTER EVENTS FOR AUGUST

**Wednesday, August 8, 7:00. Southern Connecticut and Connecticut/Western Massachusetts Joint Dinner.** This regular dinner is now being held the 2<sup>nd</sup> Wednesday of each month at the Old Sorrento Restaurant, Newtown Road, Danbury, CT. Interested Mensans should contact Ward Mazzucco at (203) 744-1929, ext. 25, [wjm@danburylaw.com](mailto:wjm@danburylaw.com), or Rev. Bill Loring at (203) 794-1389, [frbill@mags.net](mailto:frbill@mags.net).

**Saturday, August 18, 7:00. Monthly dinner, Three Door Restaurant, 1775 Madison Ave., Bridgeport. SHELTON/ANSONIA Night.** All Mensans from the Ansonia/Shelton area are invited to attend our August dinner to meet fellow members from the Valley and other towns. Our speaker will be Mensan and marine biologist Rick D'Amico talking on "Health Indicators of Long Island Sound."

Please call Lee Steuber at 203-730-1634 for information and reservations. Dinner is \$10.00 and includes everything but the cash bar. Dress is casual and guests are welcome. Directions on page 8.

**Saturday, August 25, 8:00, THEATRE EVENT: William Shakespeare's *Othello*, performed by the Elm Shakespeare Company outdoors in Edgerton Park, Whitney Ave, New Haven, near Hamden town line.** Free, donation suggested. For info or reservations, please call Jim Mizera at (203) 332-2548 or e-mail [Jmizera@hotmail.com](mailto:Jmizera@hotmail.com).

### TENTATIVE SCHEDULE OF CHAPTER EVENTS FOR SEPTEMBER

**Wednesday, September 12, 7:00. Southern Connecticut and Connecticut/Western Massachusetts Joint Dinner.** See above listing for details.

**Saturday, September 15, 7:00. Monthly dinner, Three Door Restaurant, 1775 Madison Ave., Bridgeport.**

**Saturday, September 22, THEATRE EVENT: Harper Lee's *To Kill A Mockingbird*, 8:00 p.m., at the historic Puppet House Theatre, 128 Thimble Island Rd., in the Stony Creek section of Branford, CT 06405 (Exit 56, I-95) ([www.puppethouse.org](http://www.puppethouse.org)).** Tickets are \$12 in advance. Meet for coffee before the show. For info or reservations, please call Jim Mizera at (203) 332-2548 or e-mail [Jmizera@hotmail.com](mailto:Jmizera@hotmail.com).

Admitted in CT, NY & OR

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## THE QUANTUM BRAIN

Most people think of quantum effects as a topic of physics. But Dr. Jeffrey Satinover, a prominent psychiatrist and graduate student/researcher in physics at Yale, says we now need quantum theory to understand the brain. Dr. Satinover elucidated this view in a speech to an audience at the Westport Barnes and Noble recently to promote his new book *The Quantum Brain: The Search for Freedom and the Next Generation of Man* (288 pages. Hardcover, ISBN 0-471-33326-3, John Wiley & Sons). In a concise summary of his work, he discussed the quantum biology of the brain, the coming bio-quantum computing technology, and the philosophical implications of these developments on our view of free will and science. According to Dr. Satinover, technological achievements in this area in the next five to fifteen years will make the future shock of previous generations seem mild indeed.

Dr. Satinover began with a concise summary of the marvels of the neural network in our brain - the 20 billion neurons that each has a thousand connections to other neurons. The marvel is that the arbitrary connections and local interactions in the brain produce a global order that allows the brain to function. Each neuron not only takes a thousand input signals from other neurons and transmits a signal, but also generates a feedback signal to itself. But the brain is not the only such powerful network in the body. There is a parallel process going on within neurons as well. Interactions within a neuron produce a global order in the neuron just as the interactions between neurons produce order out of randomness in the brain. Cells elsewhere in the body also follow the same self-organizing dynamic.

The processes that fold proteins are another important area where neural-type networks appear. Protein folding is actually much more complex and more important than the human genome, Satinover explained. The human genome provides no coding for this astonishingly intricate folding pattern or configuration, which is what gives proteins their functionality. It is the way the individual amino acids are strung together within the protein that cause it to fold, and the problem of understanding this dwarfs that of decoding the genome. The protein has about 400 trillion folding options, and yet picks out the correct one in less than one minute, an accomplishment that the author likened to solving in the dark a 1000 x 1000 x 1000-sided Rubik's cube with no colors but only a slight magnetic charge on each side.

Protein folding follows the same mathematics as the neural networks and cellular automaton in the body. According to calculations, this process should take 400 million years. Why doesn't it? This is where quantum mechanics comes in, explained Dr. Satinover. The molecules of amino acids are subject to quantum laws, and so have a type of "freedom". The nested hierarchy of self-organizing parallel-processing systems within the brain amplifies the small quantum effects at the local level to produce the freedom of mind humans have. In fact, the tissue of the human cortex is the only thing in universe known so far that has the structure that amplifies instead of averaging out these small quantum effects.

How will these discoveries affect technology? Satinover predicts that in ten years we will have computers that use biological quantum effects - quantum computers. Leading edge chip research is now working on producing systems that cause chips to reconfigure. But the next generation will take this much further. The chips will develop themselves - they will create artificial progeny and go through 30,000 such generations in a second. We won't understand the resulting networks, but they will produce devices that have superior problem-solving capacity - devices, in effect, with free will.

Dr. Satinover concluded by saying that the quantum effects within the brain have undermined the mechanical premise of science - the deterministic view that cast humans as merely complicated machines without free will. If the *Quantum Brain* is correct, we may soon have to concede that free will to machines as well.

## HE DIDN'T INVENT BASEBALL BUT HE STARTED THE CIVIL WAR

In Cooperstown, New York, where the Baseball Hall of Fame resides, sits Doubleday Field, a memorial to the birthplace of the game and to its founder, Abner Doubleday. As the legend goes, Doubleday, while serving as a cadet at West Point in 1839, designed the first baseball diamond and drew up the rules of the game in the Phinney family's pasture in Cooperstown. The trouble is that almost none of the facts of this story check out. Almost no baseball historian today credits Doubleday with inventing the game, for Abner Doubleday was probably not in Cooperstown in 1839, he never spoke publicly about having created the game, left no writings corroborating the story, and his New York Times obituary of 1893 did not even mention baseball. So where did this legend come from? It probably comes from Abner Doubleday's later prestige. For while he did not invent baseball, the man who was to become Union Major General Abner Doubleday did start something of somewhat lesser importance - America's Civil War.

Historians disagree about the origin of baseball. Some say that it comes from bat-and-ball games of ancient times. Most, however, think that baseball developed from an English game called rounders. People in England played rounders as early as the 1600's. Like baseball, rounders involved hitting a ball with a bat and advancing around bases, but there were many differences between the two games. The biggest difference was the way in which fielders put out base runners. Instead of tagging the runner or the base, they threw the ball at runners. If the ball hit a runner who was off base, the runner was out. This practice was called "soaking" or "plugging" runners.

It is a matter of record that in the 1700s English boys played a game called base ball, which was probably like rounders. Historians believe that Americans played similar games in the 18<sup>th</sup> century. The American games had different rules and different names in various parts of the country - town ball, rounders, Massachusetts, or one old cat. These games were not consistent in the number of bases or the number of players, but they persisted nonetheless. The diary of soldier at Valley Forge records a game of "base", and a game of "baste ball" is noted in the letters of a Princeton student from 1786. The earliest reference to baseball found so far in an American newspaper is a paragraph in the New York City paper the National Advocate in 1923 which speaks of organized association of young men playing "base ball" on the west side of Broadway. Since newspapers of the time did not have sports sections, there are only scattered and hazy references to the game over the next two decades.

The game of baseball was never very well organized and the rules were never standardized and written down until a New York City bank clerk and sportsman named Alexander Cartwright came along. In 1845, he started the Knickerbocker Baseball Club of New York. Cartwright wrote a set of baseball rules, including ones setting the distance between the bases at 90 feet, fixing the number of players on a team at nine, drawing foul lines, and specifying that fielders must tag runners. The first game between organized teams under written rules was played at Hoboken's Elysian Fields on June 1, 1846, with Cartwright's Knickerbockers losing to the New York Nine 23-1. Mr. Cartwright went west in the Gold Rush of 1849, and he reportedly taught the game to many frontiersmen, miners, shopkeepers, and Indians along the way. The rules he had begun to set down were refined over the next quarter century to set the length of the game at nine innings, and to include force-outs and called strikes. By 1850 many organized and uniformed amateur teams had sprung up, and in 1858 the National Association of Baseball Players formed. Because

Alexander Cartwright laid down the fundamental rules of the game and his New York "Knickerbocker" version of the game replaced all other forms of baseball, most baseball scholars justly call him the father of the game.

Where does Abner Doubleday fit into this story? Doubleday was born in Ballston Spa, New York, near Cooperstown on June 26, 1819. As a boy, he attended military schools at Auburn and Cooperstown. Young Abner may have watched or played a version of baseball or town ball in the area, but by his own admission he did not like outdoor sports. He was admitted to West Point in 1839 but since the military academy did not have summer vacations in those days, it is uncertain whether he could have been in Cooperstown in 1839. He graduated in 1842 in a class that included future Confederate officers such as A.P. Stewart, D.H. Hill, and James Longstreet. Doubleday served as an artillery officer in the Mexican and Seminole wars, and was promoted to captain in 1853. A staunch opponent of slavery and a supporter of Lincoln, he was stationed at Fort Sumter, South Carolina in 1861. It was there in the early hours of April 12, 1861 that Confederate troops attacked the Fort and began the American Civil War. Captain Abner Doubleday gave the command for the first Union shot to be fired in retaliation.

After the surrender of Sumter, Doubleday served in numerous campaigns throughout the Civil War. He saw action in the Shenandoah region, and at Sharpsburg and Fredericksburg he commanded a division. His finest hour came at Gettysburg. Upon the death of General John F. Reynolds, Doubleday assumed command of the 1<sup>st</sup> corps and for seven hours held off the Confederate forces, which greatly outnumbered his own. His actions helped the Union forces to regroup and repulse Pickett's Charge, the failure of which effectively decided the battle and the war. Today, there is an Abner Doubleday Battlefield Monument in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, commemorating his heroic leadership.

Promoted to Major General on March 13, 1865 "for gallant and meritorious services during the war", Doubleday saw no further action and retired in 1873. As a celebrated war hero, he was a prolific speaker and writer, but never mentioned baseball in his speeches, public writings, memoirs, or diaries. He moved west to San Francisco, but later returned east to Mendham, New Jersey, where he died on January 26, 1893, at the age of 73. He is buried at Arlington National Cemetery in Washington, D.C.

Ironically, the national tragedy of the Civil War helped make baseball the national pastime. Baseball was a popular game of imprisoned soldiers in Southern P.O.W. camps, and many of them first learned the game there. After the war, many veterans resettled and exchanged their military uniforms for baseball uniforms, with the caps worn by soldiers inspiring the baseball caps. The minimal equipment required for the game encouraged its play wherever there was an open field. So the game spread rapidly, and in 1867, the first inter-regional games were played when the Washington Nationals made a western trip. In 1869, the Cincinnati Red Stockings became the first professional team, and in 1871, the first professional league formed. Five years later, the present National League began.

As baseball was becoming more professional after the war, so was advertising. Insurance companies, lotteries, cigarette and coffee companies all used the images of Civil War heroes to sell their goods. Sometimes, however, they didn't bother to ask permission. That was the case with a sporting goods manufacture that drafted Abner Doubleday's picture to sell baseball, bats, and gloves. This may have been the beginning of the Doubleday legend.

By the turn of the century, the rules of the modern game had been set, and the cities and teams that were to comprise the major leagues for the next half-century were in place as well. All baseball needed was an official history. In 1904, Albert Spalding, a former major league star pitcher, baseball executive, and head of the famed Spalding sporting equipment company, put together a commission composed of friends, senators, and assorted baseball dignitaries to settle the question of the game's origins. The commission was named the Mills Commission, after its chairman, former National League president Albert G. Mills.

Unfortunately, the Mills Commission may have had a bias from the outset. Mr. Spalding and the team owners did not like the idea that the great American pastime had its origin in the English children's game of rounders, and Mr. Mills was none other than Civil War Col. Albert Mills, an army friend of Doubleday's from their New York days. Many people told the commission that baseball had developed from rounders, but the commission seemed to ignore both this and Alexander Cartwright's role, and rely chiefly on one piece of disputed evidence. They based their findings on a letter they had received from an elderly man by the name of Abner Graves who claimed to have been a boyhood acquaintance of the older Doubleday's and who served under him during the Civil War. Graves stated in his letter that sometime around 1839 he had seen Doubleday go about Cooperstown to schools and other places explaining the game to boys and young men and persuading them to participate. Although Graves was hazy on the year and inaccurate on Doubleday's age, he named several fields where the contests had been played, and recalled a game where Doubleday had been a captain and played catcher. Because Doubleday had the boys form themselves into teams with eleven players on each side, and use four bases to create a baseball diamond, Graves claimed that the general was the inventor of baseball. Even though the game Graves described involved the practice of "soaking" runners, or throwing the ball at them to get an out, and thus resembled the game of town ball that had been played in North America for many years prior to 1839, the commission accepted Graves' story and, in 1907, declared Abner Doubleday baseball's inventor. The Doubleday story was soon accepted by sportswriters and the general public as the story of the game's origin.

In the 1930s, Stephen Clark, a wealthy Cooperstown resident obtained the support of the baseball commissioner for the construction of a National Baseball Hall of Fame. It was to open in 1939 as part of a celebration to mark Abner Doubleday's invention of the game, right there in Cooperstown, one hundred years earlier. Before the centennial celebration, however, a number of baseball historians raised their voices and pens to dispute the official story of the game's origin. Alexander Cartwright's grandson Bruce fired off a letter to the centennial organizers explaining his grandfather's role in the development of the game. They researched the claim and, convinced of its legitimacy, inducted Alexander Cartwright into the Hall of Fame in 1938.

Oddly enough, despite the centennial festivities and the neighboring baseball stadium bearing his name, Abner Doubleday was not inducted into the Hall in 1939, and has not been voted in to this day. His name lives on in the Doubleday Inn hotels, and in the person of his great-grandnephew, Nelson Doubleday, owner of the New York Mets. But he is known far more for his doubtful creation of baseball than for his role in starting and helping to end the Civil War.

**NOTED AND QUOTED**

If you're looking for the key to the Universe, I have some bad news and some good news. The bad news is -- there is no key to the Universe. The good news is -- it has been left unlocked.  
- Swami Beyondananda

A vacation is what you take when you can no longer take what you've been taking.  
- Earl Wilson

Wit is educated insolence.  
- Aristotle

Yesterday is but today's memory, and tomorrow is today's dream. - Kahil Gibran

The good news: Computers allow us to work 100% faster. The bad news: They generate 100% more work.  
- Anonymous

Intelligence: what you use when you don't know what to do. - Carl Bereiter

To believe in one's dreams is to spend all of one's life asleep. - Chinese Proverb

Comedy is in my blood. Frankly, I wish it were in my act! - Rodney Dangerfield

Results! Why man, I have gotten a lot of results. I know several thousand things that won't work.  
- Thomas Edison

Show me a hero, and I will write you a tragedy.  
- F. Scott Fitzgerald

Art makes no laws - only very difficult complicated suggestions. - John Gardner

A straight line may be the shortest distance between two points, but it is by no means the most interesting.  
- William Hartnell

Worry is interest paid on trouble before it comes due. - William R. Inge

I used to believe that anything was better than nothing. Now I know that sometimes nothing is better.  
- Glenda Jackson

The more minimal the art, the more maximum the explanation. - Hilton Kramer

Some people read only because they are too lazy to think. - G.C. Lichtenberg

Only a mediocre person is always at his best. - Somerset Maugham

Battle not with monsters, lest ye become a monster, and if you gaze into the abyss, the abyss gazes also into you.  
- Friedrich Nietzsche

A person remains immature, whatever his age, as long as he thinks of himself as an exception to the human race.  
- Harry Overstreet

**DIRECTIONS TO THE MONTHLY DINNER AT THE THREE DOOR RESTAURANT**

The Three Door Restaurant in Bridgeport is located in the middle of town. It is in a residential area just south of Stop & Shop supermarket and just north of the Little Italy section of restaurants in Bridgeport. It has a large parking lot and there is parking available on the street as well. We meet in the back left corner of the building near the handicapped access ramp. Should you need it, the phone number there is (203) 374-9438.

**FROM NEW HAVEN via I-95:**

- 4: Take the I-95 S ramp towards N.Y. CITY. 0.2 miles ( 0.4 km)
- 5: Merge onto I-95 S. 4.4 miles ( 7.0 km)
- 6: Take the CT-25/CT-8 exit, exit number 27A, towards TRUMBULL/WATERBURY. 0.2 miles ( 0.3 km)
- 7: Merge onto COLONEL HENRY MUCCI HWY. 1.5 miles ( 2.5 km)
- 8: Take the LINDLEY STREET exit, exit number 4. 0.2 miles ( 0.3 km)
- 9: Turn LEFT onto LINDLEY ST. 0.2 miles ( 0.3 km)
- 10: Turn LEFT onto CAPITOL AVE. 0.1 miles ( 0.1 km)
- 11: Turn RIGHT onto FRENCH ST. 0.2 miles ( 0.3 km)
- 12: Turn RIGHT onto MAIN ST. 0.4 miles ( 0.6 km)
- 13: Turn LEFT onto FAIRVIEW AVE. 0.5 miles ( 0.8 km)
- 14: Turn RIGHT onto MADISON AVE. 0.1 miles ( 0.1 km)

**FROM NEW HAVEN via MERRITT PARKWAY:**

Go to Exit 47 - Park Ave. Turn left towards Bridgeport.  
Go past Sacred Heart University to the first light well past the campus (about a mile or so).  
Turn left at the light - one side of the intersection is Queen, one is Wilson.  
At the first stop sign, turn right onto Madison.  
Go 1/2 to 3/4 mile...you will see the Three Door Restaurant on the right.

**FROM STAMFORD via I-95:**

- 3: Take the I-95 N ramp towards NEW HAVEN. 0.2 miles ( 0.4 km)
- 4: Merge onto I-95 N. 17.1 miles ( 27.5 km)
- 5: Take the exit, exit number 24, towards BLACK ROCK TURNPIKE. 0.2 miles ( 0.4 km)
- 6: Merge onto KINGS HWY E/US-1. 1.1 miles ( 1.8 km)
- 7: KINGS HWY E/US-1 becomes NORTH AVE/US-1. 1.0 miles ( 1.6 km)
- 8: Turn LEFT onto PARK AVE. 1.3 miles ( 2.1 km)
- 9: Turn RIGHT onto WESTFIELD AVE. 0.3 miles ( 0.6 km)
- 10: Turn LEFT onto MADISON AVE. 0.0 miles ( 0.1 km)

**FROM STAMFORD via MERRITT PARKWAY:**

- 2: Take the CT-15 N ramp towards NEW HAVEN. 0.1 miles ( 0.1 km)
- 3: Merge onto CT-15 N. 21.0 miles ( 33.7 km)
- 4: Take the MAIN STREET exit, exit number 48. 0.1 miles ( 0.2 km)
- 5: Turn RIGHT onto MAIN ST/CT-111. 0.3 miles ( 0.5 km)
- 6: MAIN ST/CT-111 becomes MAIN ST. 1.8 miles ( 2.9 km)
- 7: Turn RIGHT onto WESTFIELD AVE. 0.5 miles ( 0.9 km)
- 8: Turn RIGHT onto MADISON AVE. 0.0 miles ( 0.1 km)

**ADVERTISEMENTS**

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**Wanted:** Child who loves science as much as Willy! Our son Willy, 7 years old, loves science. There's lots of it he understands on a college level. We're looking for other kids with similar interests/abilities to hang out and pretend they're subatomic particles or invent new viruses (not the computer kind!). You can reach Willy's parents (Lisa and Steve) at: [lsawin@optonline.net](mailto:lsawin@optonline.net) or (203)335-4389

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**In Don't Forget to Write!, The 6' Ferret Writers' Group** shares more than ten years' experience on how to start a local writers' group, add members, and avoid common problems. Also included are writing exercises, events, recommended reading, and stories from a few exercises. Order through your favorite on-line or local bookstore. ISBN 0-7388-3698-2  
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**FALL 2001 NOTICE** The Connecticut Association for the Gifted needs people who are willing to teach youngsters in grades K-8 for their Minds in Motion classes tentatively planned for October, 2001, at Danbury High School. The CAG, a non-profit organization, sponsors classes in subjects such as rocketry, chess, math, drama, dance, the environment, art, and foreign languages. If you are interested or want more information, please call Susan Chapman at 778-0194 or Chris Cuhsnick at 778-0002.

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**Free phone advice to Mensans dreaming of having a U.S. patent plaque on their wall.** Successful independent inventor. Maintains confidentiality. Call Bob @ 203-374-7099, 1-10 p.m. any day.

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**"For Men Only: How To Make A Woman Feel Beautiful!"** A delightful book by Mensa member, Carole Bell. Learn how to make a woman smile at you!

**\*Great gift for a man! Pre-Publication Special: Mail \$25 + \$4 postage (\$9 int'l) to: Carole Bell, 2269 Chestnut Street, and pmb #174C, San Francisco, CA, 94123. [carolebell@compuserve.com](mailto:carolebell@compuserve.com)**

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**Advertising Rates.** Short classified ads free to Mensa members and subscribers, \$2.00 per month and \$20.00 per year for others. Send copy to the editor. Display ads: Full page, \$50; half page, \$30; quarter page or business card, \$15. Discounts: 10% for three issues, 20% for six issues, 30% for 12 issues. All ads must be paid in advance, checks payable to Southern Connecticut Mensa.

**2001 MENSA SELECT SEAL WINNING GAMES****Brainstrain** by Chuckle Games Company

A unique game where players make up the words! You've got 60 seconds to ask questions fast to determine who, what, or where you are. Can't guess? We'll clue you!

Price: \$29.95

Web site: [www.chucklegames.com](http://www.chucklegames.com)

**DAO** by playdao.com

The game consists of only one simple rule and four ways to win... an engaging game of strategy, yet fun for the whole family! A real challenge for players of all ages that requires an ever-changing strategy and precise balance of movement.

Price: \$39.95

Web site: [www.playdao.com](http://www.playdao.com)

**Metro (Paris, 1898)** by Queen/Funagain Games

Engineer the most extensive network of track in the Paris underground while attempting to cut off your opponents' tracks. Play with 2 players for a brain-busting tactical duel, 3-4 players for a balanced strategic challenge, or with 5-6 players for chaotic fun!

Price: \$29.95

Web site: [www.funagain.com](http://www.funagain.com)

**Shapes Up!** By Educational Insights

A game of strategy and speed! Players fit shapes together, like a tangram, to cover their boards and form multicolored squares. The player whose board is filled first and yells "Shapes Up!" is the winner.

Price: \$19.95

Web site: [www.educationalinsights.com](http://www.educationalinsights.com)

**thepolicegame** by thepollgame, LLC

Choose from 750 "Yes" or "No" questions or create one. The object is to guess how many players will answer "Yes" to the question. Surprising answers and revealing stories will entertain for hours.

Price: \$34.95

Web site: [www.thepollgame.com](http://www.thepollgame.com)

**MENSA REGIONAL GATHERINGS**

**Balloons over Binghamton. Mensa of the Southern Tier is celebrating the return of Balloons over Binghamton August 3<sup>rd</sup> – 5<sup>th</sup>. Registration is only \$45 until July 30<sup>th</sup>.** It will be held at the Holiday Inn Arena, which has a room rate of \$79 for single and double rooms. The phone number is 607-722-1212. Mail your registration to Ellen Shaw at 5 Riverside Dr. #411, Binghamton, NY 13905. Her e-mail address is [Ellenshaw1@Juno.com](mailto:Ellenshaw1@Juno.com). For those of us who enjoy hot air balloons the festival site is only a few minutes away from the hotel. We might actually be able to see some balloons without getting up at ungodly hours.

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**Mid-Hudson's Regional "Autumn in New York" Gathering**

Can you survive a weekend at the Ashokan Field Campus of SUNY New Paltz? This year's theme is "Survivor", and we're calling it our Reality Gathering! It is quite different from others as its all-inclusive price of \$129 includes 6 meals, (prepared by a CIA graduate), as well as sleeping accommodations in the bunkhouses. Of course if you want to sleep in tents that's fine with us if you bring your own. Yes, we do have indoor plumbing! Come see if you can survive our luxurious Summer Camp type RG. Dates are from Sept 7<sup>th</sup> – 9<sup>th</sup>. Contact registrar **Bill Zigo** at 194 Roosevelt Road, Hyde Park, 12538 NY, 845-229-8729, [mr.marmot@worldnet.att.net](mailto:mr.marmot@worldnet.att.net).

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**Son of Asilomar 2001 Back to the Year One August 31 – September 3, 2001 The Cliffs at Shell Beach, California**

Mensa's oldest RG moves to a world-class oceanside resort setting for its 37th annual event. Exciting program, top-flight catering. Very special prices include reg., rooms, and meal package: 2 days, \$399–\$525 pp/do. Other options, daytripper rates available.

To register: name, addr., phone, e-mail, Mensa #, single/dbl room pref., roommate name (if any), and \$150/person deposit (pay to Son of Asilomar).to Peg Jennings, 396 Sunpark Pl., San Jose, CA 95136. 408-972-4352. [sonofasilomar@yahoo.com](mailto:sonofasilomar@yahoo.com). [www.MensaAsilomar.org](http://www.MensaAsilomar.org).

**Chronicle is THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF SOUTHERN CONNECTICUT MENSA #066. The subscription rate for members is \$3.50 and is included as part of yearly dues. Others may subscribe at a rate of \$10.00 per year.**

**(Monthly)**

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Please allow four weeks for the change in MENSА Bulletin (the National Magazine) delivery, and eight weeks for the Chronicle. Remember to give your membership number to facilitate this process. (This number appears on your membership card and labels affixed to the Chronicle and MENSА Bulletin.)

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Telephone Number: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

Please send form to:      American Mensa, Ltd.  
   Membership Department  
   1229 Corporate Dr. West  
   Arlington, TX 76006-6103

If you wish to submit material, please write or e-mail Jim Mizera at PMB #181, 7365 Main St., Stratford, CT. 06614-1300, [Jmizera@hotmail.com](mailto:Jmizera@hotmail.com). E-mail submissions are preferred. Please include your name, address, and telephone number. Anonymous material will be rejected, although names will be withheld on request. Items will be returned if accompanied by a self-addressed, stamped envelope. Currently, the deadline for postal submissions is the 15<sup>th</sup> of the month preceding publication, and the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month for e-mail submissions.

## LIST OF SOUTHERN CONNECTICUT MENSA OFFICERS

<b>TITLE</b>	<b>NAME</b>	<b>PHONE</b>	<b>E-MAIL</b>	<b>ADDRESS</b>
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